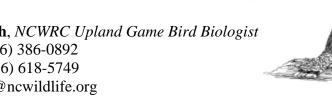


2014-15 North Carolina Avid Grouse Hunter Survey

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Since 1984, the North Carolina Wildlife Resources Commission (NCWRC) has conducted an annual avid grouse hunter survey to estimate long term grouse hunting trends and provide annual insight into avid grouse hunting demographics throughout the mountains of North Carolina. Volunteer grouse hunters participate by recording and submitting their annual hunting activity throughout the season. Grouse hunting activity is recorded by county and landownership type (Private Land or Game Land) within the two grouse management regions (Northern Mountains and Southern Mountains). Reported hunting trips typically consist of a single day per hunting party.

Sixty-two avid grouse hunters reported information during the 2014-15 survey season, providing grouse hunting statistics for 843 hunting trips (Fig. 1). Hunt information was reported from 22 different counties, though some counties had relatively few reports (Fig. 2). With 78 hunts, Ashe County was the most reported county in the Northern Mountains. With 177 hunts, Macon County was the most reported county in the Southern Mountains. The gradual annual decline of total reported grouse hunting trips has primarily been a function of fewer survey respondents and fewer hunting trips taken per hunter. Presumably this is due to fewer grouse and poor hunting in recent years.

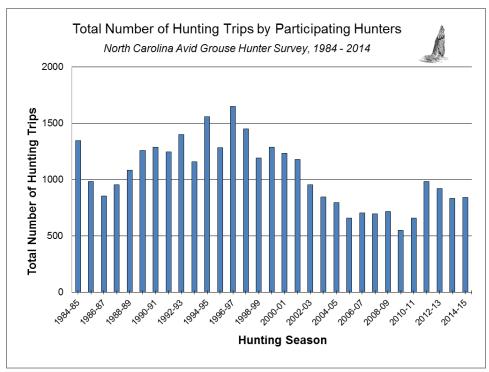


Figure 1. Total number of reported hunts by volunteer avid grouse hunter survey participants, 1984-2014.

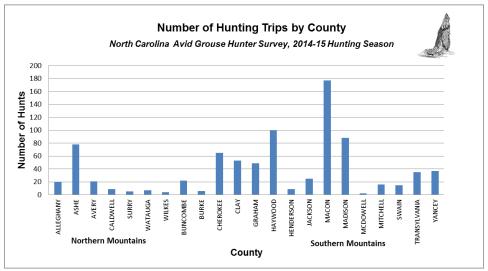


Figure 2. Total number of reported hunts by county during the 2014-15 hunting season by avid grouse hunter survey participants.

During the 2014-15 season, avid grouse survey participants hunted an average of 13.3 times (Fig. 3). While the number of hunts has increased somewhat over the last six years it is clear that participants are hunting considerably fewer times than during the 1980's and 1990's. The average length of a hunting trip has declined somewhat over that time period as well, with an average trip length of 3.6 hours reported during the 2014-15 season (Fig 4).

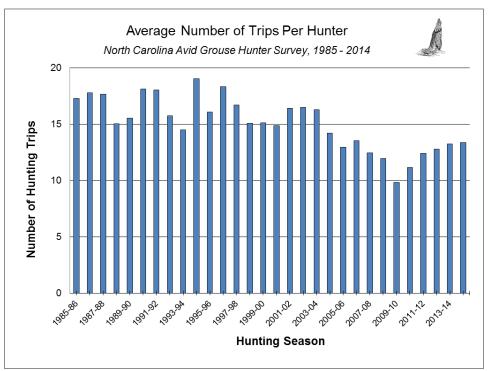


Figure 3. Average number of hunting trips per hunter based on avid grouse hunter survey participants, 1985-2014.

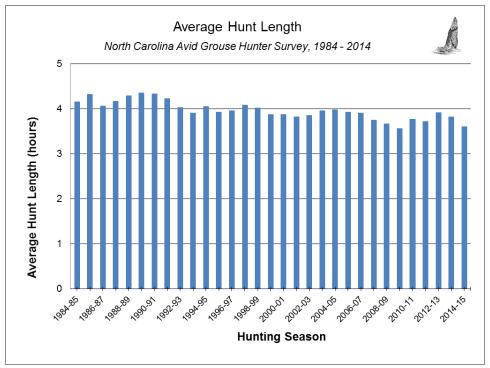


Figure 4. Average length (hours) of hunting trips of avid grouse hunter survey participants, 1984-2014.

Flush rates are presented both by hunting trip and by hours hunted in this report. Flush rates by hour may provide a more precise index to grouse abundance, while flush rates by hunting trip are more applicable from grouse hunting perspectives. However we recognize that hunters will change their hunting locations over time to areas with relatively more grouse. This selective hunting behavior by avid hunters has a tendency to skew trend estimates such that they may not represent actual annual abundances or changes in abundance across the full landscape.

The avid grouse hunter survey has documented overall long term declines in hourly flush rates. While some years have shown slight increases, the overall trend has been a steady decline. This has been true on both private land and Game Lands and in both the northern and southern mountain regions. In 2014-15 flush rates continued to be higher on private land than on public game lands (Fig. 5). Historically more grouse were typically reported in the southern mountain region, however flush rates for both regions have been similar over the past eight years (Fig. 6).

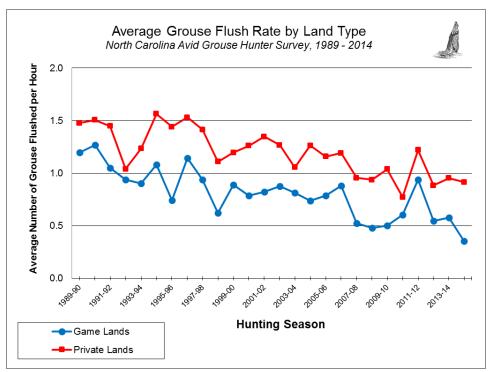


Figure 5. Average grouse flushed per hour by land type by avid grouse hunter survey participants, 1989-2014.

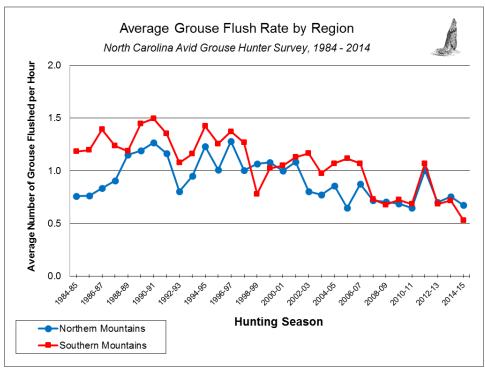


Figure 6. Average grouse flushed per hour by region by avid grouse hunter survey participants, 1984-2014.

By all measures grouse hunting during the 2014-15 season was the poorest on record. On average, hunters flushed only 2 grouse per trip (Fig. 7), bagged 0.23 grouse/trip (Fig. 8), and flushed no grouse at all on 39% of hunting trips (Figure 9). Not only was this the poorest grouse hunting on record, but it was substantially worse than what avid grouse hunters experienced during the 2013-14 season.

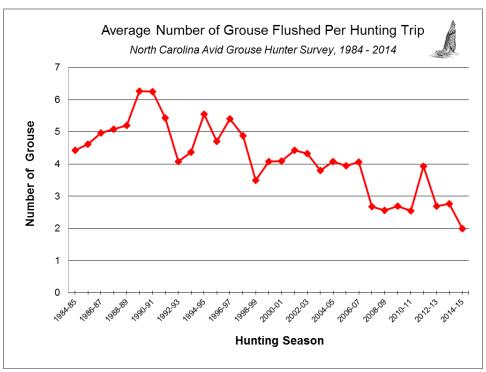


Figure 7. Average number of grouse flushed per hunting trip by avid grouse hunters, 1984-2014.

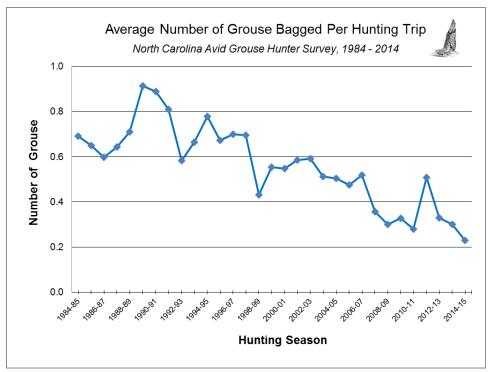


Figure 8. Average number of grouse bagged per hunting trip by avid grouse hunters, 1984-2014.

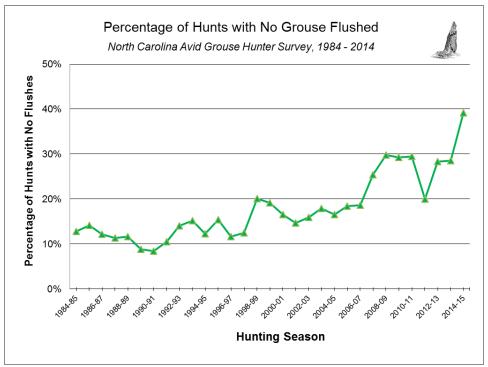


Figure 9. Percent of reported grouse hunting trips with no flushes by avid grouse hunters, 1984-2014.

During the 2014-15 hunting season, avid hunters reported more hunting activity later in the winter (January and February) after big game hunting seasons (Fig. 10). Flush rates averaged 2 flushes/party trip and were highest during January (Fig. 11). Increases in flush rates later in the winter were likely correlated with the loss of cover after the leaves dropped from the trees. Approximately 11% of flushed grouse were bagged. The harvest rate was slightly higher (17%) in October and remained stable from November through February.

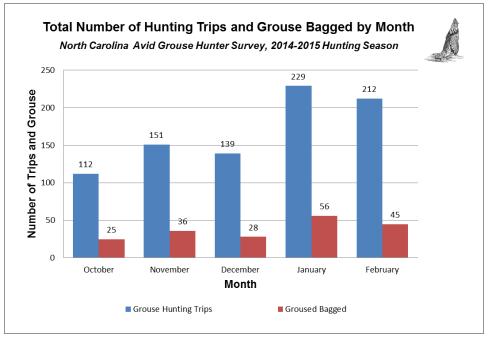


Figure 10. Total reported grouse hunting trips and harvests during the 2014-15 hunting season by avid grouse hunter survey participants.

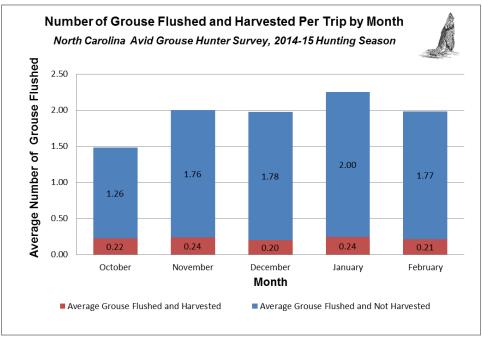


Figure 11. Average number of grouse flushed and harvested per hunting trip by month during the 2014-15 hunting season by avid grouse hunter participants.

Funding for the avid grouse hunter survey report was partially provided through a Pittman-Robertson Wildlife Restoration Multi-state Grant. The Federal Aid in Wildlife Restoration Act, popularly known as the Pittman-Robertson Act, was approved by Congress on September 2, 1937, and begin functioning July 1, 1938. The purpose of this Act was to provide funding for the selection, restoration, rehabilitation and improvement of wildlife habitat, wildlife management research, and the distribution of information produced by the projects. The Act was amended October 23, 1970, to include funding for hunter training programs and the development, operation and maintenance of public target ranges.

Funds are derived from an 11 percent Federal excise tax on sporting arms, ammunition, and archery equipment, and a 10 percent tax on handguns. These funds are collected from the manufacturers by the Department of the Treasury and are apportioned each year to the States and Territorial areas (except Puerto Rico) by the Department of the Interior on the basis of formulas set forth in the Act. Funds for hunter education and target ranges are derived from one-half of the tax on handguns and archery equipment.

Each state's apportionment is determined by a formula which considers the total area of the state and the number of licensed hunters in the state. The program is a cost-reimbursement program, where the state covers the full amount of an approved project then applies for reimbursement through Federal Aid for up to 75 percent of the project expenses. The state must provide at least 25 percent of the project costs from a non-federal source





Appendix I. Reported hunting activity from avid grouse hunter survey respondents, 1984-85 through 2014-15 hunting seasons.

% Hunts	2	Grouse	Flushed	12.79%	14.17%	12.13%	11.39%	11.65%	8.82%	8.48%	10.53%	14.06%	15.20%	12.32%	15.41%	11.71%	12.54%	20.08%	19.13%	16.52%	14.73%	15.90%	17.95%	16.60%	18.48%	18.61%	25.39%	29.75%	29.23%	29.48%	20.00%	28.37%	28.57%	39.15%
# Hunts	2	Grouse	Flushed	172	140	104	109	126	111	109	131	197	176	192	198	193	182	239	246	204	174	152	152	132	122	131	177	213	161	194	203	261	238	330
		Grouse	Reported Harvested/Trip Harvested/Hour	0.17	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.17	0.21	0.20	0.19	0.14	0.17	0.19	0.17	0.18	0.17	0.11	0.14	0.14	0.15	0.15	0.13	0.13	0.12	0.13	01.10	0.08	0.00	0.07	0.14	0.08	0.08	90.0
		Grouse	Harvested/Trip	69.0	0.65	09:0	0.64	0.71	0.91	0.89	0.81	0.58	99.0	0.78	0.67	0.70	69.0	0.43	0.55	0.55	0.59	0.59	0.51	0.50	0.47	0.52	0.36	0.30	0.33	0.28	0.51	0.33	0:30	0.23
	# Grouse	Harvests	Reported	933	641	512	613	269	1151	1142	1008	817	269	1213	865	1152	1008	512	713	9/9	692	292	434	400	313	365	249	214	180	184	200	303	249	190
Grouse	Flushed/Hour	- Private	Land						1.48	1.51	1.45	1.04	1.23	1.56	4.1	1.53	1.41	1.11	1.20	1.26	1.35	1.27	1.05	1.26	1.16	1.19	96.0	0.94	1.04	0.77	1.22	0.88	0.95	0.91
	Grouse	Flushed/Hour	- Game Land						1.20	1.27	1.05	0.94	06:0	1.08	0.74	1.15	0.94	0.62	0.89	0.79	0.82	0.88	0.81	0.74	0.79	0.88	0.52	0.48	0.50	09.0	0.94	0.54	0.58	0.35
Grouse	Flushed/Hour	- Southern	Mountains	1.18	1.20	1.39	1.24	1.19	1.45	1.49	1.35	1.08	1.16	1.42	1.26	1.37	1.27	0.78	1.02	1.05	1.13	1.17	0.98	1.07	1.12	1.07	0.73	0.68	0.72	0.68	1.07	0.68	0.72	0.53
Grouse	Flushed/Hour	- Northern	Mountains	92.0	0.76	0.84	06:0	1.15	1.19	1.27	1.17	0.80	0.95	1.23	1.01	1.28	1.00	1.07	1.08	1.00	1.08	0.80	0.77	0.86	0.65	0.88	0.72	0.71	0.69	0.64	1.00	0.70	0.75	0.67
		Grouse	Flushed/Hour	1.05	1.07	1.20	1.13	1.18	1.38	1.42	1.28	0.99	1.10	1.36	1.18	1.35	1.20	0.87	1.04	1.03	1.12	1.08	0.93	1.01	0.97	1.02	0.73	0.68	0.72	0.67	1.06	69.0	0.72	0.55
		e	Flushed/Trip	4.42	4.62	4.97	5.08	5.19	6.27	6.25	5.43	4.07	4.37	5.55	4.70	5.40	4.87	3.50	4.08	4.09	4.43	4.32	3.79	4.07	3.94	4.06	2.67	2.56	2.69	2.55	3.93	2.69	2.76	1.99
	# Grouse	Flushed	Reported	5,962	4,553	4,240	4,841	5,618	7,890	8,036	6,749	5,706	5,055	8,653	6,038	8,898	7,071	4,160	5,245	5,050	5,228	4,128	3,212	3,238	2,601	2,855	1,864	1,835	1,483	1,677	3,867	2,475	2,303	1,678
		Hunting	Hours/Trip	4.16	4.33	4.07	4.16	4.29	4.35	4.34	4.23	4.03	3.91	4.05	3.92	3.96	4.09	4.02	3.88	3.88	3.83	3.86	3.96	3.97	3.92	3.91	3.75	3.66	3.56	3.77	3.72	3.92	3.82	3.60
			Trips/Hunter	*	17.28	17.79	17.67	15.03	15.54	18.11	18.03	15.74	14.48	19.01	16.06	18.31	16.68	15.06	15.13	14.88	16.40	16.48	16.29	14.20	12.94	13.54	12.45	11.93	9.84	11.15	12.40	12.78	13.22	13.38
		Respondent	Age	44	44	43	41	43	4	45	45	46	48	49		20	20	51	20	53	53	22	54	54	55	56	55	26	53	54	26	26	26	26
#	Hunting	Hours	Reported	2,606	4,284	3,474	3,973	4,639	5,479	5,576	5,258	5,642	4,525	6,312	5,042	6,524	5,932	4,788	4,987	4,792	4,519	3,686	3,355		2,590		2,616	2,623	1,960	2,482	3,657	3,603	3,186	3,037
	# Hunting	Trips	Reported	1,347	982	854	954	1,082	1,259	1,286	1,244	1,401	1,158	1,559	1,285	1,648	1,451	1,190	1,286	1,235	1,181	926		795	099	704	269	716	551	658	983			843
	# Avid	Hunter	Respondents	*	25	48	54	72	81	71	69		80	82	80	06	87	62	85	83	72	58	52		51	52	99	09	99	29	62	72		62
			Year	1984-85	1985-86	1986-87	1987-88	1988-89	1989-90	1990-91	1991-92	1992-93	1993-94	1994-95	1995-96	1996-97	1997-98	1998-99	1999-00	2000-01	2001-02	2002-03	2003-04	2004-05	2005-06	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15